The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLV. MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BARGAINS
EXTRAORDINARY
AT THE
Bee-Hive
The (Sunday) Morning.
JEWELRY.
WATCHES
NOTE OUR PRICES:
Only $5.00 each.
From $30.00 to $80.00
From $55.00 to $75.00.
Choice 25c each.
Bee-Hive
174, 176 & 178 State-st.,
Lace Curtains.
Special Sale.
Oriental and Egyptian Laces,
82 cts. per yard.
DAVIS & MORSE CO.,
State and Van Buren-sts.
Braid, Dress, and Driving
GLOVES
FOR MEN.
WILSON BROS.'
113 and 115 State-st.
MARSHALL & FIELD
Jersey and Gossamer
Sale
In Basement Salesroom.
We Make Today an Unusual Offer:
Braided Jerseys
75c Each.
Ladies' Gossamers
75c Each.
SPECIAL
Amusement Announcement.
Owing to their engagements abroad we find it impossible to retain the Mohammedans after the expiration of the present week. We make this announcement in order that all citizens of Chicago and vicinity may have an opportunity of visiting these strange people, from a strange land, with strange religious views, strange names, strange literature, strange attire, strange manners and customs, before they take their final departure from Chicago, one week from today.
Despite the enormous expense incurred by the exclusive engagement of these Strangers from the Orient, the price of admission to our Museum Mission will remain at 25 cents, including a reserved seat in the theatre without extra charge. Very respectfully,
STARKROPE & EPSTEAN,
New Dime Museum, 111 to 117 Randolph-st. Open from 10:30 to 5, Sundays, 1 to 10.
WILSON BROS.,
113 & 115 State-st.,
Solicit the patronage of all desiring
SHIRTS
Of Superior Quality at Reasonable Prices
FRANCIS MARTIN PARAMA.
HAMBURGS.
50,000 Yds. Hamburgs,
All widths wide, all new patterns, at
12½ cts. per Yard.
Worth fully 25 cts.
25,000 Yards
Oriental and Egyptian Laces,
6, 8, and 9 inches wide, all at
82 cts. per yard.
Formerly sold at 50 cts.
DAVIS & MORSE CO.,
State and Van Buren-sts.
Braid, Dress, and Driving
GLOVES
FOR MEN.
Largest Stock and Lowest Prices
at
WILSON BROS.'
113 and 115 State-st.

THE TIE AGAIN BROKEN.

Representative Shaw Found Dead in Bed at His Hotel in Springfield.

The Death Due to Natural Debility, and Long Expected — The Dead Man's Life.

He Trees Will Be Declared to the Senate and Their Successor Elected Tomorrow.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 12.—[Special.] Death has, for the third time since the session opened, broken the tie in the Illinois Legislature. He has swung a Republican, a Democrat, and now, one of the Democratic members from the Thirty-fourth District. He died unnoticed at the Prince House, and but eight persons, and only witnesses to the funeral of what was to come. He did not arise this morning, but his absence was not noticed until about 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when the clerk suggested a committee that he visit his room, and wake him to the voting. The door was locked and the knocks on it met with no response. The clerk then climbed up and looked through the transom. He saw Mr. Shaw lying peacefully in bed, apparently asleep.

All attempts to arouse him having failed, the clerk was determined and with Sweetzer (Secretary of the House) that he believed Mr. Shaw was dead. At the clerk's suggestion Mr. Sweetzer went to the room, and, finding the door locked, he broke it open with an exposure. The clerk then climbed up and looked through the transom. He saw Mr. Shaw lying peacefully in bed, apparently asleep.

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Mr. Shaw was a native of Ohio, and was about sixty years of age. He was a lawyer by profession, and had been a resident of Springfield for many years. He was a man of large means, and left a widow and two children. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a man of great energy of character, and was a man of great ability. He was a man of great energy of character, and was a man of great ability.

Mr. Shaw was elected to the Legislature in the fall of 1866, and was re-elected in 1868. He was a member of the Republican party, and was a strong supporter of the Union cause. He was a member of the Republican party, and was a strong supporter of the Union cause.

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Of Superior Quality at Reasonable Prices

FRANCIS MARTIN PARAMA.

RUSSIA WILL NOT YIELD.

Gortschakoff Appointed Commander-in-Chief in Turkestan and Receives Military Advantages.

A Statement for a Reading of the British Cabinet at an Early Hour This Morning.

All This Regarded as Meaning Immediate War-Active Preparations in the Gulf, &c.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LONDON, April 12.—[By Atlantic Ocean Cable to The Tribune.]—The fact that Gortschakoff has been appointed Commander-in-Chief in Turkestan, and has been invested with military advantages, together with a further statement for an early Cabinet meeting this morning, is universally regarded in the morning press as meaning hostilities. There seem to exist no other fact of the Russian movement to the East than the being commonly pursued in Turkestan, and Gortschakoff to proceed forth.

A dispatch from Berlin states that Russia refuses to yield an inch of the territory she has occupied on the Afghan frontier.

The daily Press is so affectionately meaning, that it is not likely that the Government will make any statement of its policy in the face of the Russian movement, but the tenure of dispatching of soldiers. Considering the fact that each man has to be clothed, armed, fed, and paid, Gortschakoff's movement is of course costly and the fact that the Government has not yet made

GEN. GRANT'S CONDITION.

Satisfied Right Cheerful the World Has Passed Him Sad During His Sickness.

A Sad Day Followed by an Anxious Night—The General Suffering from Exhaustion.

A Letter Written by the Soldier Soldier to 1881 Breakfast Forecasts to Busy Success.

New York, April 21.—[Special.]—One week ago Saturday and for over four weeks of suffering Gen. Grant's official organs in all parts of the country, General's condition, the best medical attendance, the most careful nursing, and the prayers of millions of people, the General's condition has been the subject of the most anxious solicitude. Every bulletin issued by the physicians, every dispatch from Mount McGregor, every report from the sick room, has been read with the deepest interest by the whole country. Even those who have been the most bitter opponents of the General in the days of his political activity have been touched by the heroic struggle he has been making with death, and have been among the most anxious to know how he was getting along. Each night for the past week the Associated Press has had a bulletin ready to be sent out at the moment the General died, and the whole country has been waiting for the word. Yesterday morning the bulletin was sent out, and the whole country was shocked by the news that the General was dying. Then came the news that he had rallied, and the whole country breathed a sigh of relief. Then came the news that he was sinking again, and the whole country was in a state of suspense. Then came the news that he was dead, and the whole country was in a state of grief. Then came the news that he was not dead, and the whole country was in a state of joy. Then came the news that he was dying

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Chairman Lawler Defending the Appointment of Appointees for Illinois Offices.

Senate Inquiring Its Motives With Respect the Request for Miss Sweet's Resignation.

Senator Gay Also Lawyer Will Be Re-appointed—Republican Favors Postal Savings Bank—Senate's Case.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—[Special.]—Chairman Lawler in addition has delivered a hot fight for the Senatorial aspirations of Lawler and Belnapp to be Collector that describe as a settlement of the Senate, they assert, the result is almost unprecedented and entirely without precedent of importance. The Democratic leaders are not going to allow the Senate to make appointments of importance to Democrats, and will probably assert it. The Democratic leaders have come out to defend Senator Lawler and Belnapp to be appointed to the state as promptly after the Democratic convention as possible, to prevent complications of confusion. Senator Lawler is to be made to Chicago, and Belnapp is to be made to Chicago, and Senator Lawler is to be made to Chicago, and Belnapp is to be made to Chicago. They have encouraged that the Democratic leaders and committees may make selections of Illinois appointments and Democratic leaders attended and Senator Lawler and Belnapp's success as a part of them. They have encouraged to [illegible]

Senator C. Hughes has done the social for the purpose for the Supervising Inspector and Miss Sweet to the Senate endeavoring [illegible] the Senate has objections, special [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

PARAGRAPH.

PUBLISH MONTHLY OFFICE.

MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868.

"ACCOMMODATION" was the subject of Dr. Thomas' sermon yesterday.

The Rev. D. D. Utter preached on "Invisible" at the Church of the Messiah yesterday.

A GREAT migration from Italy to America is reported as the result of the recent Abyssinian campaign.

THE MAYOR is said to be busy as a spinner for the Borough congratulation of the Eastern editorial crew.

THE Son of Mercy and Ingersoll were contested yesterday by the Rev. George Hamilton at Unity Church.

CONGRESSMAN PALMER, LUTHER has declined the White House with its grip full of applications for Illinois post-offices.

SATURDAY night was one of the mad ones. Lunar lap proved true to the spirit of anthems, but last evening he was simply giddy.

"BUFFALO" BILLINGS, the President of the Western widely cast, is of opinion that high license has proved beneficial to the country town.

[illegible] question in Washington as [illegible] is not fair to ask to [illegible] many of society though which [illegible] Tenn.

[illegible] argument can be with was in [illegible] very challenge some and those can [illegible] last impressed, to bring [illegible] keep the tariff question to [illegible]

[illegible] an avenue at Winthrop did the [illegible] Bottom not entertain with the [illegible] to which every man was tried, [illegible] to the tune of casting the report last and [illegible] confirmed.

Queries arise from the case of the dials [illegible] Lee. Roosevelt was accepted to correct Stanton to stay the arraignment of the country by Andrew and Tennessee. An effort [illegible] has been sent the Central Directing Ohio to thank the lungs in the name of the Clan.

A request table has been gathered at Washington to send W. J. Ketteridge to his struggle for the office of United States Marshal at Chicago. The Postmast to procure, [illegible] assay that to procure to make the appointment promptly on the expiration of Marshal Jones' term.

IT is believed the Administration will take both the parties of President Johnson removal the resolution of Gen. Lander, though many conservative Democrats feel that it would be unwise to cause an idea to equipment this Government at St. Petersburg to the event of war between Russia and England.

THE [illegible] wrinkle are still being reported at the personal clearing-house. The returns of business last week showed a decrease of 15.7 per cent as compared with the corresponding week of last year. Thirteen of New York the decrease was but 6.7 per cent. The unfavorable report is made more noticeable by the fact that six days of that week compared with but five days of 1867, [illegible] Friday having intervened last year. In [illegible] the decrease was 11.9 per cent.

THE [illegible] of THE TRIBUNE give evidence of Chicago's progress and its own. It was a newspaper of ninety-eight pages, [illegible] as, not for the effect of magnitude, but to meet the business requirements of a prosperous city while nothing to him of the events of the day. The figures are interesting:

Of the 100 columns of the newspaper [illegible] were occupied by "reading" advertisements, covering the whole range of popular wants in a great city. Everywhere and marshall columns were filled by the displayed advertisements of businessmen, a total of advertisements in the entire paper of 1,111 columns. This, too, despite the increased space supplied by THE TRIBUNE for editorial, [illegible] to its readers' times. The amount of white paper used for the entire issue was 62,000 pounds, or nearly thirteen tons, making 611,000 full sheets of eight pages, or over 40,000 complete papers.

The white paper required for this one issue if extended to a straight line would make a continuous sheet of that color having a width equal to the length of a page of THE TRIBUNE. The extended sheet would reach almost from here to St. Louis. A railroad [illegible] running at the ordinary rate of speed would [illegible] sheet of paper would require [illegible] hours to get beyond it. If occupied [illegible] the sheet would cover the [illegible] and would [illegible] the [illegible] would be [illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible] year ago there appeared in THE TRIBUNE sixty columns of small advertisements and forty-eight columns of displayed matter, the large amount of displayed advertising for this issue being accounted for by the fact that it was Easter Sunday, when that class of advertising is always large.

The great business in the "small" ads. have hereby the story of the city's growth and of the popular confidence in the supremacy of its needs.

REASONING OF PUBLIC OPINION.

It is to the highest degree creditable to Chicago that the Committee of Public Safety is strongly supported by men who are willing to give money and help to the effort to suppress shoulder lessly. It is a shame to the City Government that such a thing should be necessary. The work switching done by the Committee of Public Safety is simply the unperformed and neglected duty of the officials of Chicago. It is the duty of the City Government to arrest and attack against the habit and to prevent thing necessary to secure the safety of municipal elections. It has no obligation of greater importance than this, and it is proved with all the machinery power and authority to act effectively. Yet it will do nothing. Citizens against the habit have been exposed and the outrage to secure, and through the efforts of the City Government, but in spite of every discouragement that could come from that source, and every [illegible] private capital therefore together to secure the enforcement of the law. If the work had been left to the City Government not a voice against the right of suffrage would have been raised nor a single malefactor arrested to work.

Every citizen is entitled as a matter of right to have the vote honestly and fairly counted, and, furthermore, in order to have to the right it must be kept free from the person of fraudulent voters in the same den. This is the right of the voter and he is entitled as it is the agents of the Government. There ought to be no occasion for any private citizen to spend one dollar to secure a moment of fear to honest and lawful against the ballot. This duty belongs to the officials and should be performed by them. The citizen pays his taxes not only to be protected in person and property but to have all his political rights secured and protected by the Government which is invested with the power and authority so to do. In enacting laws from the people the City Government of Chicago gave to the back and hands the law and that the last will prevail, and yet it leaves the citizen to secure his right to an honest ballot to the best way he can. It is for the future not capable to duty.

In such a situation the people must themselves take measures to insure the public safety. To permit the City Government to continue willing at violations of law and neglecting the performance of its duties is only to take the path which leads up to anarchy. If the officials will not act for the enforcement of the law promptly they must do it. The Republicans are now ready to proceed with this work by getting into court and putting the ballots out in the big city election box a fearless will that will separate the chaff from the wheat. It is in the power of Mayor Heritage to fight this proceeding with all the forces and instructions of the law, and make the investigation [illegible] effectual, as he can again to expose all perjury and villainy in order that the matter may be carried to a speedy decision. Which course will he take? He is not asked to enforce the law himself, but not to throw obstacles in the way of its being done by others. He is requested simply to give its prosecutors access to an investigation that will be conducted with a view to determining the very right of the matter.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

There was [illegible] improvement in the failure record last week. It showed a smaller falling off from the number for the corresponding week of 1867, and some of the smallest were insurances. If this improvement continues it will not take long to restore everybody that we are in the closing months of the last decade. The stubbles of failures and bank shortages have nearly frightened the public. So far as were for some are concerned, they have had a very unfortunate look. The more encouraging facts have been largely of the sort that cannot be expressed in a statistical form; such, for instance, as the increased confidence of investors, the restlessness of credits, and the excessive economies in personal and business expenditure. It would be unreasonable to look for an actual revival of trade so soon. The most we can expect just at present is such an advancement of business affairs as the middle of the year or [illegible] will lead to a healthy movement a little later on.

As for speculation, for most difficult to handle just now is to raise goods. A few months ago the enquiry seemed to be so abundant that it was thought safe to increase the output, but there has been since then an alliance to retire and the demand for clothing has been disappointing. Some merchants, therefore, recently restricted their production, and, finding not having proved satisfactory, arrangements are now being made for further curtailment. This is especially true of the principal houses of Fall Rivers. As the case runs it is evident that the supply is not yet exhausted, and the machines with which the manufacturers adapt their operations to the wants of the people is the most encouraging feature of the situation. The speculative element has been almost entirely eliminated from the trade, and it is a matter for congratulation that the experiment of dealing in gold ratios for future delivery on the New York Gold Exchange has proved a dead failure, so far as [illegible] are concerned. The scheme originally contemplated getting persons not familiar with the business to speculate in fluctuations in the trade now operations to wheat and stocks. There has been for some time a very general movement to curtail the use of bank of credit as exchanges, and so far as it could [illegible] the convenience of simple regularly engaged in the legitimate business of trade is also an item wise and proper; but efforts to increase [illegible] to such methods are very harmful to the true business interests of the country. Aside from the extra profit there has been no [illegible] of any advantages, and in the end there is necessarily a little inconvenience. Some grades of wool are steadily [illegible]. But the low [illegible], which commence with the [illegible] of wool, will not present to any considerable advance in price as long as [illegible] goods are made of an small a grade and in many cases of an inferior kind. The [illegible] is a fair [illegible] condition than it was a week ago. The [illegible] of the Second Harvester Company to the [illegible] and the payment of 1,000 Western Passage roads [illegible] to their employees are important events. The strike of the [illegible] at Joliet and Lemont, Ill., has been for gone from bad to worse. If there should be a great European war the [illegible] would [illegible] in this country would be considerably re-

[illegible] Mr. Seward [illegible] to the Senate [illegible] the Committee of Foreign Affairs [illegible] to the Senate [illegible] the Committee of Foreign Affairs [illegible] to the Senate [illegible] the Committee of Foreign Affairs

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Destruction of the Agitation in Australia Against American Corn and Flour.

The Late Prisoner Stanford's Remarks in Connection with a Stand in Hungary.

One-Sided Treasury Ruling Indignantly Protested Against by the Swiss Legation.

Lord Edward Cecil Resigns His Position in the Egyptian Army.

LONDON, April 12.—The Paris correspondent of the Times cables the following:

"There is an acute political question to-day. The new Ministry has succeeded in securing a majority in the Chamber of Deputies, and everything appears to point to a long existence for the Ministry. Nevertheless, the situation is very grave. Financial disorder and the depletion of the Treasury are the chief causes of that alarm, the most flimsy of pretexts. The Government of Premier Bourgeois has not succeeded and is unable to secure a sufficient majority to enable it to carry out the financial reforms which are absolutely necessary. The Government is not to blame for the existence of the present Parliament, but on the other hand it is to the best power of its life regime to settle the question to be discussed. The Senate, therefore, is not the first question to be discussed. The Senate, therefore, is not the first question to be discussed. The Senate, therefore, is not the first

THE PRAIRIE STATE.

A Scottish Man Choked to Death—Robbery at Pana—Other Illinois Matters.

CHICAGO BRANCH OFFICES.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

North Side.

West Side.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

CITY LOANS—MALE.

CITY LOANS—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AGENTS WANTED.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

PROFESSIONAL.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

North Side.

West Side.

South Side.

Suburban.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

West Side.

South Side.

Suburban.

TO RENT—OFFICES, &c.

Rooms.

TO RENT—STORES AND BASEMENTS.

Stores.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

FURNITURE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY.

BICYCLES AND SUNDRIES.

FOR SALE.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

DOGS.

LOCOMOTIVES.

SEWING MACHINES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANKERS, BUSINESS MEN,
and Others
Books and Office Fittings
of
DE HAVEN, 203 Wabash-av.

WANTED.

BUSINESS.

HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC
VETERINARY
SPECIFICS
For the Cure of all Diseases of
Horses, Cattle, Sheep
DOGS, HOGS, POULTRY.
HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO.,
109 Fulton St., New York.

Specific No. 28
Horse Sickness, Epizootic

Proposals for Printing and Binding Material.

RUPTURE

FOR SALE.

EUROPE

STATE LINE

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

A. G. Pfeiffer of Indianapolis, Ind., is at the Leland.

Col. W. F. Storer of Augusta, Me., and Gilman Brackett of Waterville, are at the Sherman.

Spencer H. Cone, New York; T. J. Reed, Quincy, Mass.; and C. C. Bates, U. S. N., are at the Palmer.

Judge A. S. Upson, Unionville, Conn.; Capt. C. C. Wise, U. S. A.; H. Scott Prentis, Denver, Col., and E. S. Winslow, Evanston, Ill., are at the Pacific.

IN GENERAL.

Miss Cole, the business manager and Big Phantom manager of a box at Hooley's last night had amusement between acts I hope to gentlemen's guests at "Our Continental." The fire department do notice the play begins.

George Hamlingel, a grocer of the corner of West Chestnut street and Ashland avenue, was held to an additional recognizance between Chestnut street and Fourth street, on Saturday night, two days until the next incident entitled him of $100 in money.

Late Saturday night a police officer heard a crash of glass in the ground stands on Clark between and removed damage thereto, a second time, but on his searching through a window ignorant said that he was the janitor of the place and not knowing his face. The officer then thought the door and locked further on an enquiry etc.

Officer Hartigan what the door of a clothing store office on the corner of Twelfth and Lowell avenue yesterday morning and found it open. Entering, he found a man named Joseph Sylvester loading himself with valuable suits that had been stored in the office. Some pieces of goods, but that did not appear to have suited, and he was placed in a West Twelfth street cell.

The Connaught Men's Fellows Association will entertain attendance at its 111 Fifth Avenue avenue. The Mayor rose of members their services, and a few played the accordion. Remarks were made by President Hon. D. Tuthill, who stated that the society was in a prosperous condition, and that the members were determined to work. Dancing commenced at 9 p. m. The next anniversary of the organization is to occur about 1,000.

Mr. "Jim" H. Hawthorne, one of the judges of election, refused to complete the Fourteenth Ward election fourth, is charged for an action in the suit, part of "Secretary Stalling and Aged Defendant" in April this Turner Hall Police Court. April 10, the Secretary of Mr. Hawthorne's office, and the Secretary of the Police Commissioners, appeared in the court to answer to answer his name. Justice Summerfield fined the defendant $50 and costs.

William Haggerty and Charles Linderman, two young men, appeared in Justice's court, No. 69 Chicago avenue, on a charge preferred by Lieutenant Hoffman, after shooting shots at each other Linderman, three Haggerty shots on the face, from the latter, in self-defense, took a quiet turn at Linderman's pop nose and let it off. He was locked up in the Chicago avenue station and charged with assault. Linderman, who is in the hospital, will be able to appear in court to-day, when the latter will be discharged on his own bail.

A few days ago a Jewish lassy applied for admittance at the church on Clinton street, near West Twelfth. He was taken in and cared for by the entire and the congregation, and such a good impression on the attention drew several Hebrews opportunity afforded, and succeeded in by a very great date. Early yesterday morning, however, an good natured congregation found stricken down, and he discovered that he had been robbed of $100 in money and valuable clothing. Suspicion rested on the new comer, and a search was instituted, but he could not be found